Debt and Capital Model Update

Meeting Capital Needs and Maintaining AAA













Updates since 2018 Board retreat

- Successful 2018 bond referenda
- 3.8¢ tax increase still supports these bonds
- No significant Model changes
- Continue to review future plans for County and Schools CIP and their impacts to Model

In This Section We Will

- Review PAYGO and debt background;
- Review Policies and guidelines;
- Present Updated Debt and Capital Model; and
- Share future Board considerations and next steps

County meets its capital needs with PAYGO and Debt

PAYGO

- Commits current resources
- Immediate ownership
- Affordability is easily determined

Debt

- Commits resources over time
- Possible delayed ownership
- Affordability determined by modeling

PAYGO or Debt? It depends on size, cost, and useful life...

PAYGO

- ✓ Smaller size and cost
- ✓ Short useful life and benefit
- Examples include technology, minor renovations, and FF&E

Debt

- ✓ Significant size and cost
- ✓ Long useful life and benefit
- ✓ Part of multi-year program
- Examples include schools, parks, and major facilities









Debt offers advantages for major assets

Affordability

- Greater tax burden required to fund all major assets with cash
- AAA bond ratings ensure lowest cost of financing

Flexibility

 Current resources (property tax and sales tax transfers) can address more priorities by spreading payments over time

Intergenerational Equity

 Multiple generations that benefit from an asset should each pay a share over time

Types of debt issued by County

General Obligation Bond

- Voter authorized
- ☐ Lowest cost
- Permanent and long-term (i.e., 20 years)
- □ Backed by full faith and credit of County
- Example Parks and Recreation GO

Draw Programs

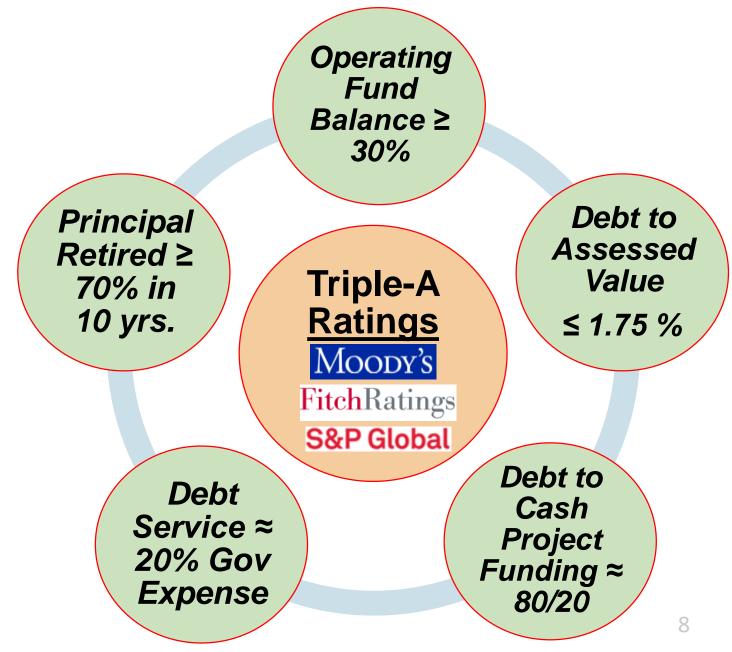
- Board authorized
- Cost depends on structure and term
- ☐ Temporary and short-term (i.e., 2-4 years)
- Example DrawProgram forSchools

Limited Obligation Bond

- Board authorized
- ☐ Slightly higher cost
- ☐ Permanent and longterm (i.e., 20 years)
- Backed by Assets pledged as collateral
- Example JusticeCenter

Debt and capital policies established in early 2000's

- Established due to County's growing capital needs
- Established and revised using triple-A ratings guidelines
- Frequently benchmarked to peer triple-A rated governments
- County's 7-yr Capital
 Plan is developed around
 these policies and
 guidelines

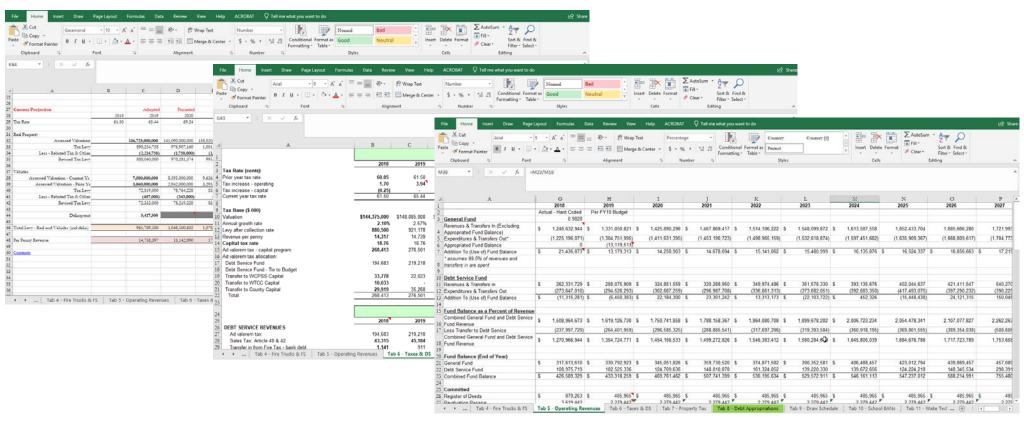


Policies and Guidelines

- ☐ Fund Balance ≥ 30% (General Fund + Debt Service Fund Revenues)
- □ Debt to assessed value ≤ 1.75%
- □ Debt repayment of ≥ 70% total principal within 10 years
- ☐ Variable rate debt < 25% of overall debt outstanding
- ☐ Strive for annual **debt service expenditures to be ≤ 20%** of total governmental expenditures
- ☐ Strive to maintain an 80 Debt / 20 Cash funding ratio
- ☐ Funding secured prior to appropriation or contract commitment

How do we monitor policies and ensure we maintain ratios at desired levels?

...through use of a Debt and Capital Financial Model



Debt and Capital Model background

- Financial tool integral for analyzing
 - Affordability of capital planning given current resources
 - Level and timing of property tax impact
 - Opportunity cost of certain capital funding decisions
 - Key metrics to ensure triple-A ratings are protected
- Includes base assumptions; monitored and adjusted as necessary
- Ongoing updates throughout year (i.e., annual budget process; closing of debt transactions; completion of CAFR)

No major changes in Model's key base assumptions

	FY2019	FY2020	FY2021*	FY2022	FY2023	FY2024	FY2025*	FY2026
Tax Revenues								
Property Tax Rate - Total	65.44¢	69.24¢	63.06¢	63.91¢	63.91¢	65.66¢	59.79¢	59.79¢
Property Tax Rate - Dedicated for Capital	18.76¢	22.56¢	20.55¢	21.40¢	21.40¢	23.15¢	21.08¢	21.0 8¢
Property Tax Valuation Growth	2.57%	2.90%	12.00%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	12.00%	2.00%
Sales Tax Growth	6.66%	4.00%	4.00%	4.00%	3.50%	3.50%	3.50%	3.00%

Interest Rates								
Investment Rate	1.63%	2.38%	2.88%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%
GO BANs - Variable Rate (Short term)	2.64%	2.78%	2.88%	2.88%	2.88%	2.88%	2.88%	2.88%
GO Bonds - Fixed Rate (Long term)	4.00%	4.00%	4.00%	4.00%	4.00%	4.00%	4.00%	4.00%
LOB BANs - Variable Rate (Short term)	2.35%	2.74%	2.84%	2.84%				
LOB Bonds - Fixed Rate (Long term)	4.50%	4.50%	4.50%	4.50%	4.50%	4.50%	4.50%	4.50%

^{*}Reappraisal Year - assumes property tax rate adjusted for revenue neutrality

Debt and Capital Model inputs for FY2020-26

- Capital Request for FY20-26 Confirmed
 - Wake Tech (\$664.35 million)
 - PGROS (\$120 million)
- Capital Request for FY20-26 Assumed
 - Schools assumed at FY19 County adopted CIP funding level
 - Current \$2.45 billion for FY20-26 / subject to change
 - Work in progress: Schools Joint Core Team
 - County capital assumed with only PAYGO funding
 - Human Services assumed at 2018 Retreat level
 - Current \$86.9 million for FY20-25

Current and projected bond programs and tax impacts

CALENDAR YEARS		201	19 20		020	202		21		2022	202		23	20	24 20	25
FISCAL YEARS	F۱	/ 19	FY	20	F	Υ 2	21	FY	22	F	Υ 2	23	FY	24	FY 25	,
BALLOT QUESTIONS																
WCPSS GO Bonds; Vote Every <mark>2 Years</mark>	Vote Nov	New Tax Rate Set June	G.O Debt Avail		Vote Nov		New Tax Rate Set June	G.O Debt Avail		Vote Nov		New Tax Rate Set	G.O Debt Avail			
Tax Increases		2.30					0.85					1.40				
Ballot Amounts	unts			\$548 million				\$562 million)		\$652 million			
WTCC GO Bonds; Vote Every 4 Years Tax Increases	Vote Nov	New Tax Rate Set June 1.15	G.O Debt Avail							Vote Nov		New Tax Rate Set	G.O Debt Avail			
Ballot Amounts							\$349 n	nillion					Ś	179 mil	lion +	
PROS GO Bonds; Vote Every <mark>6 Years</mark>	Vote Nov	New Tax Rate Set June	G.O Debt Avail										•		Vote Nov	
Tax Increases		0.35														
Ballot Amounts			\$120 million													
Total Estimated Tax Increases		3.80					0.85					1.75				

2018 projected property tax increases continue to support previously identified and assumed needs

(in	tho	usa	nds)
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Capital Program:	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Debt							
WCPSS	\$ 265,865	\$ 282,032	\$ 287,067	\$ 274,646	\$ 348,238	\$ 303,877	\$ 303,877
WTCC	86,543	90,510	76,873	95,111	99,697	78,902	79,148
PROS	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000	
HUMAN SERVICES (LOBs)		15,000		55,000			
OTHER COUNTY CIP (LOBs)							
TOTAL DEBT	\$ 372,408	\$ 407,542	\$ 383,940	\$ 444,757	\$ 467,935	\$ 402,779	\$ 383,025
PAYGO							
WCPSS	\$ 38,381	\$ 65,856	\$ 62,231	\$ 64,648	\$ 66,108	\$ 68,091	\$ 68,091
WTCC	10,033	10,033	7,500	7,500	7,500	7,500	7,500
HUMAN SERVICES	5,800	500	1,500	5,000	1,500	2,600	
OTHER COUNTY CIP	34,076	34,870	35,971	36,702	38,444	39,309	40,020
TOTAL CASH	\$ 88,290	\$ 111,259	\$ 107,202	\$ 113,850	\$ 113,552	\$ 117,500	\$ 115,611
TOTAL CAPACITY	\$ 460,698	\$ 518,801	\$ 491,142	\$ 558,607	\$ 581,487	\$ 520,279	\$ 498,636
Future Recommended Levy	3.80		0.85		1.75	-	-

WAKE COUNTY

2018 Referenda

Debt policies and guidelines remain at desired levels with these Debt and Capital Model inputs

Policy or Guideline	Goal	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Fund Balance Ratio	≥ 30%	31.2%	32.7%	33.3%	32.5%	32.1%	31.3%	32.7%
% Debt Paid in 10 Years	≥ 70%	73%	71%	71%	70%	70%	70%	71%
Debt / Capital Ratio	Strive for 80 / 20	81%	79%	78%	80%	80%	77%	77%
Debt/Assessed Value Ratio	≤ 1.75%	1.59%	1.54%	1.58%	1.66%	1.70%	1.60%	1.65%
Debt Service % of Total Expenditures	Strive for ≤ 20%	19%	18%	19%	20%	21%	22%	21%

Future considerations

- ✓ Schools capital funding level for FY22-26
 - FY20-21 set by bond
 - FY22-26 currently modeled at \$1.85 billion
 - Impact of proposed State Funding for Education
 - H.B. 241 Education Bond Act of 2019 (i.e., "School construction bond")
 - S.B. 5 Education Funding by Annual Appropriation (i.e., "Paygo")
- ✓ Other County capital projects
 - Updates to Human Services master plan
 - Other capital needs still under development
- ✓ Affordability of new projects or changes to existing plans
 - Do policy metrics remain at desired levels?
 - Are projected future tax levies still sufficient?

Next Steps

- Finalize capital plans and needed funding
 - Assess and report on impacts to Debt and Capital Model
- Adopt the additional 3.8¢ property tax increase with FY 2020 budget to support the 2018 bond referenda
 - Begin draw programs for Schools and Wake Tech in August
 - Sell initial PGROS bonds in October

Board Takeaways