Capital Improvement Program FY2026 - FY2032

Special Work Session for Board of Commissioners

Molly Marcarelli, Budget & Management Services
April 7, 2025



Agenda

- Capital Overview
- Capital Economic Outlook
- County Capital
- Other Capital Funds
- Education Capital Funds

Capital Overview

Capital Improvement Programs (CIP) plan for the County's capital asset needs

- Capital programs fund capital investments
- Establish a long-term (7-year) funding plan and identify future financing needs
- Include high cost/complex projects that require planning and a multi-year schedule
- Consider changing conditions and new needs
- Support responsible stewardship of existing facilities

Capital planning framework considers multiple factors

Funding

Wake fully funds CIP plans

For a project to be included in the CIP, it requires an identified, planned revenue source(s)

Long Term Planning

Projects are often a result of master planning processes and facility condition assessments to ensure facilities meet service needs

Cost and Timing

Projects are typically more than \$100,000 and require more than 1 year to complete

Capacity Constraints

Cost escalations, internal capacity, market availability, and ongoing operating and maintenance costs considered for each project

County Capital Process Cycle

CIP requests received



County Core
Team and
departments
meet to refine
new CIP requests



County Core Team reviews CIP changes CMO provides feedback



Projects identified for potential debt funding





Annual
Appropriation &
Project
Monitoring



Board of Commissioners adopts the budget



Debt planning finalized



Balancing scenarios developed and tradeoffs identified

Capital Improvement Plan Timelines

FY26 Funded Projects

Projects will be appropriated as part of the budget:

 Typically adopted by BOC in Capital Projects Ordinance **FY27 to FY32 Planned**

Projects are planned and included in CIP:

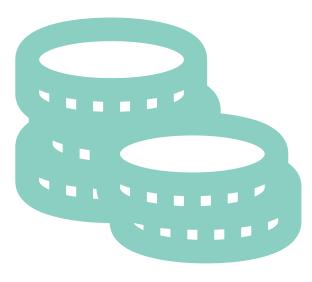
- Revenues are assigned to projects
- Updated annually scope and costs may change, or ultimately may not be funded

Horizon

Projects are not included in CIP:

 Project timing, priority, business case, or funding source are still being determined

Debt and Capital programs funded by dedicated revenue sources



- 30% of Article 40 and 60% of Article 42 sales tax dedicated to WCPSS debt
- 15 cents of property tax rate dedicated to debt and capital
 - 0.25-cent increase starting in FY26 associated with Library bonds approved by voters in November 2024 (14.75 + 0.25 cent = 15)
 - o Roughly 80% is dedicated to paying off existing debt
 - Remaining 20% is allocated to "pay-go" cash for County Capital,
 Wake County Public Schools, and Wake Tech
- Municipal reimbursements (for shared projects)
- Sale of fixed assets and land

County responsible for multiple capital programs across multiple funds

County Capital Program

Automation

Community Capital

County Buildings

Criminal Justice

Economic Development

Libraries

Public Safety

PROS

Other Programs

Fire Tax District

Housing

Major Facilities

Solid Waste

Education Programs

Wake Tech

WCPSS

Capital Economic Outlook

National and local construction trends impacting capital project estimates

WAKE COUNTY

Construction trends and new market factors affecting capital costs

- High growth in our area results in sustained strong labor demand
- Project cost escalations can result from material prices and/or labor costs
 - Following COVID-19 disruptions, labor and materials prices began to stabilize at new higher levels
 - Anticipate entering a period of uncertainty around materials costs with the implementation of tariffs

Construction sector continues to experience high workforce demand

- National unemployment remained at 4%, while construction unemployment rose to 6.5% in January 2025
- NC had 275,000 construction workers in January 2025
- Pace of development in our region is increasing demand for skilled mechanical, electrical, and plumbing labor

Mechanical & electrical equipment prices forecasted to increase

- Local inflation may exceed the national trend at 4-6%
- Demand for HVAC equipment, electrical gear, & generators continues to be strong and prices expected to increase
- Lead times anticipated to increase for generators (as high as 2-3 years)

Changes to US tariff policy expected to impact capital projects

- Materials can represent approximately half of project costs
- Tariffs expected to impact drywall, aluminum, and steel prices
- Increased demand for US-sourced materials will still increase prices
- Materials not easily sourced in the US will be affected by tariffs

County Capital Fund

FY2026 – FY2032 County Capital requests, funding sources, and next steps

County Capital includes a wide variety of projects and funding types

County capital projects range from

- Major renovations and new buildings
- Maintenance of existing facility roofs, mechanical equipment, etc.
- o Computer/digital infrastructure replacement cycles and purchase of software

County capital projects are funded through:

- Limited Obligation Bonds & dedicated Paygo (cash) for large construction or renovation projects
- General Obligation Bonds referenda-specified purposes
- Partnership reimbursements tied to specific projects
- Paygo (cash) calculated in the debt model used for shorter term projects such as technology, equipment, life cycle replacements not eligible for debt funding

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County CIP Elements focus on maintaining and enhancing service delivery

Automation

Computer equipment, software, and IT infrastructure to support County's 4,000+ employees and modernize how customers interact with the County

Libraries

Project plan for new libraries and library renovations supported by a 2024 bond referendum

County Buildings

Construction of new facilities and maintenance of 5 million square feet of existing facilities that allow for effective service delivery

PGROS

Project plan for parks, greenways, recreation and open space supported by 2018 bond referendum and master plans

Criminal Justice

County support for the Sheriff's office, courthouse facilities, and the Detention Center Expansion

Public Safety

Equipment and facilities to support Fire & EMS including the EMS facilities master plan

Debt funding supports nearly half of County Capital projects

Sources	FY26	FY27	FY28	FY29	FY30	FY31	FY32	Total
County Limited Obligation Bonds	14.5	253.5	63.8	12.4	15.7	-	_	359.9
Libraries 2024 General Obligation Bond	11.4	43.0	18.7	16.2	18.3	19.5	14.9	142.0
Transfer from General Fund	135.2	91.4	84.8	82.6	90.7	83.8	100.4	668.9
Reimbursements	0.5	1.3	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	4.3
Total Sources (in millions)	161.6	389.2	167.8	111.7	125.2	103.8	115.8	1,175.1

- Debt funding can support large-scale projects for County-owned facilities
- Cash supports the rest of the capital program (automation projects, leased facilities, maintenance of existing facilities)

New facilities and significant renovations may be identified in a few ways

- State-mandated services or facilities
- Changes to service demand
- Master planning processes help to plan changes to services across facilities that impact the service
- Facilities condition assessments

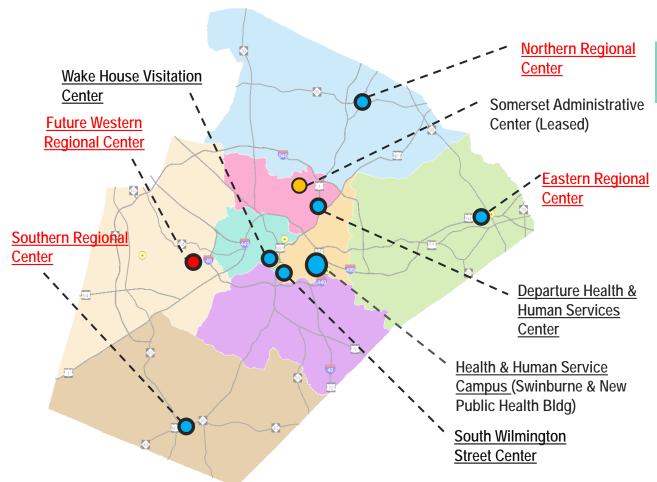
Major facilities projects planned to respond to service demand

- Animal Center replacement (\$57M)
 - Relocate existing facility to meet increased space and service needs
- Jail Annex & expansion (\$15M, \$152M)
 - Population projections anticipate a need for an expanded detention center;
 detention Annex is being renovated as a bridge to long-term solution
- New medical examiner facility (\$51.9M)
 - State-required body storage and autopsy/examination space for State Medical Examiner
- GSA/County Administrative facility replacement (\$91.6M)
 - Relocate General Services facility out of downtown Raleigh

2024 Library Bond approved and ready to begin projects

- Voters approved a \$142M General Obligation bond for Library renovation, expansion, and construction in November 2024
- Project list & timeline confirmed during March 10, 2025 Board Work Session
- FY26 Budget levy 0.25¢ tax increase to support bond approval
- Projects slated to begin in FY 2026

Health and Human Services Facilities Master Plan supports public health and social service delivery



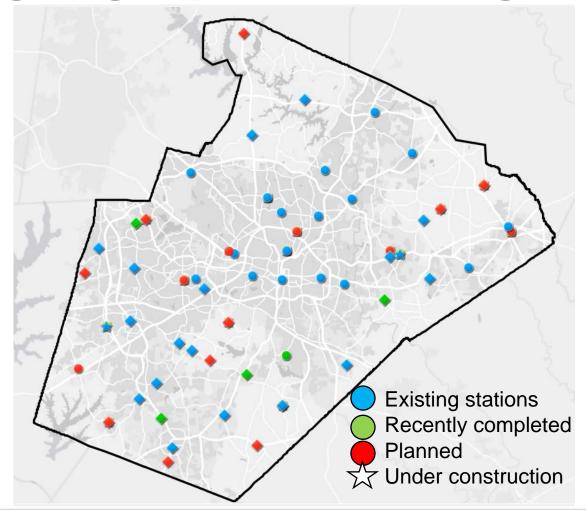
Service Delivery Vision

- Treat the whole client by grouping services together
- Support customer service and future changes with appropriate facility design
- Improve accessibility and ensure sites are near population being served
- Utilize partnerships to strengthen service offerings
- Provide safe and secure environment

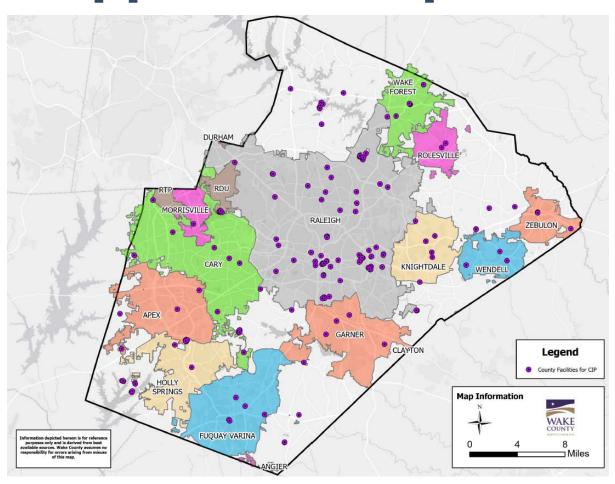
Current plan calls for investing an additional \$41.6 million over next seven years

EMS Master Plan supports increasing call volume and improves geographic coverage

- Project plan consists of:
 - EMS co-locations with Fire Houses
 - EMS substation
 - EMS district stations
- Current plan invests \$68.8 million over seven years

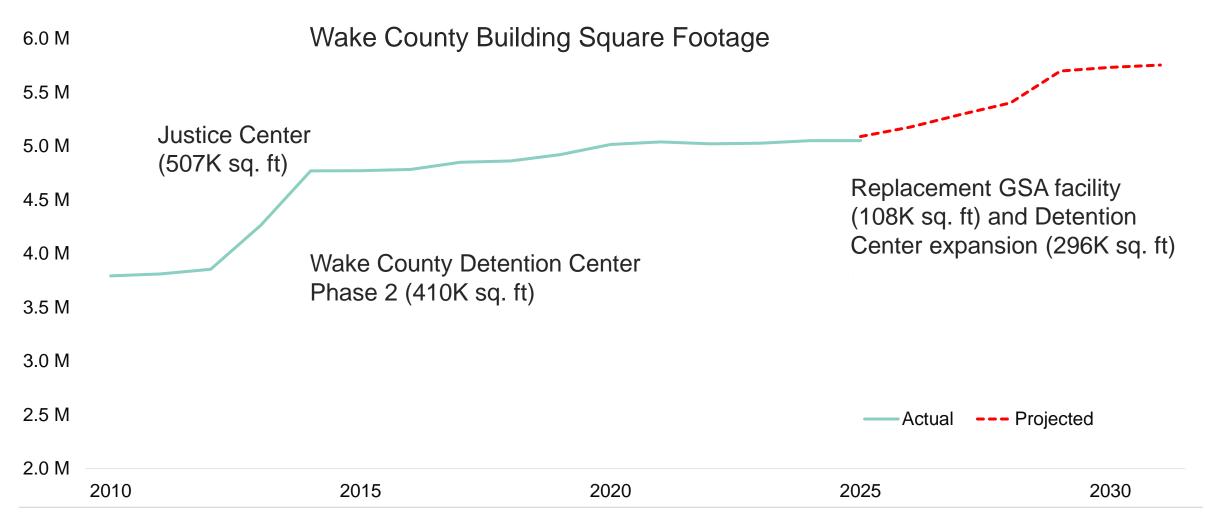


Current county facilities require operating support and capital maintenance



- County responsible for maintaining 191 buildings spread throughout the County
- Building purposes and uses vary widely, including detention facilities, EMS stations, office space, libraries, parks, animal center, clinical spaces, etc.

As new buildings are added to the portfolio, operating impacts and capital maintenance costs grow





Capital expenditures result in short- and long-term operational implications

Capital projects have immediate operating budget impacts

- New technologies often require annual subscriptions or licenses
- Opening a new facility may require additional program staff

Capital projects also impact long-term operational planning

- Adding new construction projects requires staff to design and manage them
- Planning for an appropriate level of facilities staffing to maintain County spaces

Routine maintenance needs are reviewed annually and projected in the 7-year plan

- Capital maintenance planning relies on a variety of data sources:
 - Maintenance projects tracked against age of asset, date of last renovation, and industry standard life cycle
 - Work orders and facility condition assessments used to identify additional areas needing attention
- Goal is for all building systems to function for their full life cycles and function at peak efficiency

Maintenance, facility repair, and some renovation projects funded with County cash

Ongoing maintenance and repair of facilities - \$227.3 million

- Facility security improvements
- Roofing and paving replacements
- Energy conservation measures
- Mechanical, electrical, and plumbing
- Minor building projects
- Stormwater control responsibilities

Existing facilities renovations and facility condition upgrades - \$113.2 million

- Wake County Office Building renovations
- Facility condition upgrades to existing and older buildings such as Wake House, Courthouse, South Wilmington Street Center

New requested capital projects total \$48.9M

- Software system replacements and upgrades to improve functionality
 - I.e., IT security infrastructure upgrades, Public Health billing software, parking system upgrades
- Radio network upgrades for public safety responders
- Replacement EMS station at District Drive

- New office and storage space for Open Space staff
- County building improvements, renovations, and expansions:
 - Roof renovations at the Fire Training Center
 - Refit space to provide room for large-scale staff trainings
 - Security cameras at remote County sites
 - Justice Center courtroom refurbishments
- WCSO new equipment & replacements

Requested County Capital plan costs \$1.2 billion across seven years

Element	FY26	FY27	FY28	FY29	FY30	FY31	FY32	Total
Automation	25.3	22.4	19.5	16.1	6.9	11.5	9.1	110.9
County Buildings	97.6	147.2	93.3	40.1	62.9	45.7	60.1	546.9
Criminal Justice	26.9	154.4	19.9	7.5	9.3	11.1	18.5	247.6
Libraries	11.4	43	18.7	16.2	18.3	19.5	14.9	142
PGROS	3.1	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.5	12.4
Public Safety	16.8	22.7	16.2	15.6	21.7	6.9	10.7	110.6
Economic Development	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	4.9
Total Uses (in millions)	181.8	392.0	169.9	97.7	121.3	97.0	115.5	1,175.3

- Cost escalations, scope refinements, and maintenance increases for current infrastructure total \$129.6 million
- New project requests total \$48.9 million

Next Steps

- Staff will continue to evaluate the business cases and timing of submitted capital requests
- Finalize revenue available for capital projects
 - Update revenue projections
 - Finalize debt and capital model
- County Manager's FY 2026 Recommended Budget will include balanced Capital Improvement Programs

Other Capital Funds

Fire Tax
Housing
Major Facilities
Solid Waste

County responsible for multiple capital programs across multiple funds

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Other capital funds reflect dedicated revenue sources and purposes

Capital Fund	Revenue Source	Governance
Fire Tax District	Special property tax levied on the unincorporated areas of Wake County and the Town of Wendell	Multi-year modeling to ensure availability of appropriate equipment, apparatus, and facilities for fire protection services
Housing	Dedicated transfer of revenue from the General Fund to support housing initiatives	Established in FY19 as part of County commitment to housing investment. Goal to make homelessness rare, brief, and non-recurring by increasing affordable housing stock and responding to shelter needs
Major Facilities	Allocation from occupancy and prepared food & beverage tax revenue	Governed by Inter-Local Agreement with City of Raleigh
Solid Waste	Solid Waste fees and landfill gas revenue	Multi-year modeling to ensure long term functionality of landfill, transfer station, and convenience centers

Fire Tax District Capital Projects

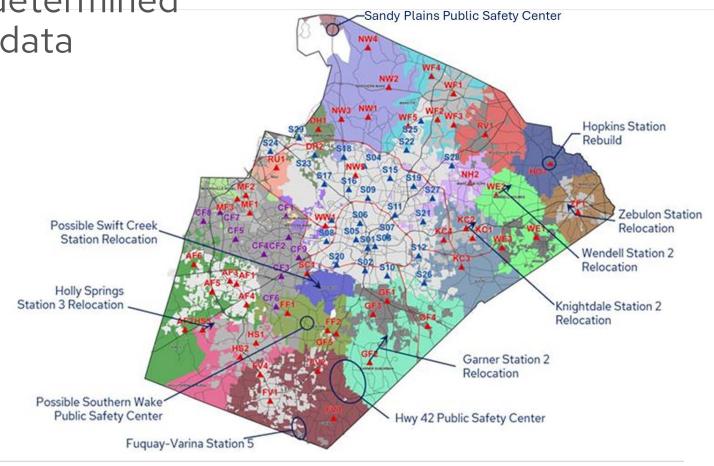
Project	FY26	FY27	FY28	FY29	FY30	FY31	FY32	Total
Apparatus	11.4	1.5	6.1	3.8	5.2	5.6	6.6	40.1
Equipment	1.8	1.6	1.8	2.9	3.2	3.1	3.4	17.8
Facilities	6.7	8.3	5.3	3.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	30.2
Total (in millions)	19.9	11.3	13.1	10.0	10.7	10.9	12.2	88.1

- Includes funding for the apparatus, equipment, and facilities of municipal and non-profit fire departments providing fire protection to unincorporated areas of the County and the Town of Wendell
- Staff meet with fire departments during budget development to determine timing for fire apparatus and equipment needed through the capital plan
- Costs for municipal departments are shared with municipalities using a funding methodology outlined in Fire Protection Agreements between the County and municipalities

Fire Tax District planned facilities meet needs of growing community

 New fire facility locations determined by analyzing fire response data

- Recommendations presented to the Fire Commission through the Fire Tax District Long-Range Plan
- Fire Commission will review and approve proposed Fire Tax budget on April 10



Housing capital projects help develop affordable units and support those at risk of or experiencing homelessness

	FY26	FY27	FY28	FY29	FY30	FY31	FY32	Total
Rental and Homeownership Development	10.8	10.8	10.8	10.8	10.8	10.8	10.8	75.6
Preservation Support	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	24.5
Major Home Repair	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	9.8
Acquisition Support	5.0	_	_	-	-	_	_	5.0
Second St Renovation (FY26 req)	4.7	_	-	-	_	_	_	4.7
Total (in millions)	25.4	15.7	15.7	15.7	15.7	15.7	15.7	119.6

- Leverage gap funding to develop or preserve affordable rental or homeownership housing
- Gap financing for projects originally preserved through the Wake County Preservation Fund
- Major home repair assistance for eligible low-income households
- One-time use of Housing CIP Reserves to launch an acquisition fund

Major Facilities capital program continues investment in Five County Stadium, Marbles, and competitive projects

Project	FY26	FY27	FY28	FY29	FY30	FY31	FY32	Total
Five County Stadium	1.1	-	0.9	0.4	-	1.1	-	3.5
Marbles/IMAX	0.1	1.5	_	_	1.7	-	-	3.3
Competitive Projects	5.5	4.8	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	20.3
Reserved for Future Projects	0.6	(0.5)	0.1	0.6	(0.7)	(0.1)	1.0	1.0
Total (in millions)	7.3	5.8	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	28.1

- Inter-Local Agreement (ILA) allocates \$1 million per year which the County uses to maintain Five County Stadium and Marbles Museum
 - o Needs exceed \$1 million allocation some replacements are now funded with County cash
- ILA allocates \$2 million per year for competitive projects process
 - 23rd ILA was adopted in fall 2023 included additional funding for competitive projects in FY25-27
 - Next competitive process expected fall 2025

Solid Waste capital program addresses landfill needs and begins planning for the next waste solution

Project	FY26	FY27	FY28	FY29	FY30	FY31	FY32	Total
Landfill Gas Development	1.0	1.2	0.6	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	6.5
Multi-material and Convenience Centers	0.3	9.0	4.4	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.2	14.5
South Wake Landfill	0.2	-	4.6	-	0.2	-	2.4	7.4
Beyond the South Wake Landfill	0.4	-	-	_	-	-	-	0.4
Total (in millions)	1.9	10.2	9.6	1.2	1.2	1.1	3.6	28.8

Planned projects include:

- Planning for Beyond the South Wake Landfill
- Interim closure of a phase at the South Wake Landfill
- East Wake Transfer station maintenance projects
- Landfill gas system expansion
- Convenience center improvements
- Soil purchase for phase of landfill construction

Education

Wake Tech Community College
Wake County Public School System

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Capital Responsibilities: Wake Tech

NCGS 115D-32

- The <u>tax-levying authority of each institution</u> shall be responsible for providing, in accordance with the provisions of G.S. 115D-33 or 115D-34, as appropriate, adequate funds to meet the financial needs of the institutions for the following budget items:
- (1) Plant Fund: Acquisition of land; erection of all buildings; alterations and additions to buildings; purchase of automobiles, buses, trucks, and other motor vehicles; purchase or rental of all equipment necessary for the maintenance of buildings and grounds and operation of plants; and purchase of all furniture and equipment not provided for administrative and instructional purposes.

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Wake Tech 7-year Capital Program: \$425.8 million

Program Area	FY26	FY27	FY28	FY29	FY30	FY31	FY32	7-Year Total
Western Wake Campus	45.5	17.5	-	_	-	-	65.0	128.0
Perry Health Sciences Campus	3.0	3.0	_	_	_	_	_	6.0
Southern Wake Campus	15.0	39.0	11.5	11.5	22.0	22.0	_	121.0
RTP Campus	13.0	16.9	_	_	_	_	_	29.9
Eastern Wake Campus	6.0	6.0	9.0	9.0	_	_	_	30.0
Northern Wake Campus	-	-	4.0	4.0	-	-	-	8.0
Campus Wide Infrastructure Repairs	6.1	6.5	7.8	8.0	8.8	8.8	10.0	56.0
Advanced Simulation Equipment Expansions	_	_	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	-	8.0
IT Infrastructure	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.5	16.9
Multi-Facility Renovations	_	_	_	_	_	_	22.0	22.0
Total (in millions)	91.0	91.3	36.7	36.9	35.2	35.2	99.5	425.8

Capital Responsibilities: WCPSS

§ 115C-408. Funds under control of the State Board of Education.

- (a) It is the policy of the State of North Carolina to create a public school system that graduates good citizens with the skills demanded in the marketplace, and the skills necessary to cope with contemporary society, using State, **local and other funds in the most costefective manner**. The Board shall have general supervision and administration of the educational funds provided by the State and federal governments, except those mentioned in Section 7 of Article IX of the State Constitution, **and also excepting such local funds as may be provided by a county, city, or district**. The Superintendent of Public Instruction shall administer any available educational funds through the Department of Public Instruction in accordance with all needed rules and regulations adopted by the State Board of Education.
- (b) To ensure a quality education for every child in North Carolina, and to assure that the
 necessary resources are provided, it is the policy of the State of North Carolina to provide
 from State revenue sources the instructional expenses for current operations of the public
 school system as defined in the standard course of study.

It is the policy of the State of North Carolina that the facilities requirements for a public education system will be met by county governments.

Proposed WCPSS 7-year Capital Program: \$2.9 billion

Program Area	FY26	FY27	FY28	FY29	FY30	FY31	FY32	7-Year Total
New Schools	106.6	60.6	70.3	72.9	17.0	89.5	93.7	510.6
Existing Schools	150.5	189.7	164.2	164.5	214.9	144.7	140.0	1,168.5
Other Program Components	155.7	170.2	181.4	186.3	192.4	198.2	203.7	1,287.9
Total (in millions)	412.8	420.6	416.0	423.6	424.3	432.4	437.5	2,967.1

Other Program Components:

- Land acquisition
- Facility lifecycle replacements of mechanical, plumbing, electrical, furniture, paving
- Environmental and ADA compliance projects
- Temporary Classrooms/Trailers

- Technology devices & infrastructure and building security systems
- Program Management: Staffing & Admin
- Partial renovations and non-traditional educational spaces and support facilities

WCPSS CIP updated through collaborative efforts

Joint Facilities Core Team (JFTC)

BOE Activities/Actions

BOC

FALL/WINTER

Enrollment Forecast Planning Assumptions

Cost Model

FALL/WINTER

CIP Executive Summary Renovation

Prioritization Rubric

FEBRUARY

Enrollment forecast presented to BOE (emailed to BOC)

MARCH

CIP Cost model prioritization rubric shared with BOE Facilities Committee

APRIL/MAY

WCPSS CIP presented to and approved by BOE

MAY

Additional detail presented to BOC during budget work sessions



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